

### 3-5 & 3-6 Additional Practice

#### Scatter Plots and Trend Lines

Name: Key

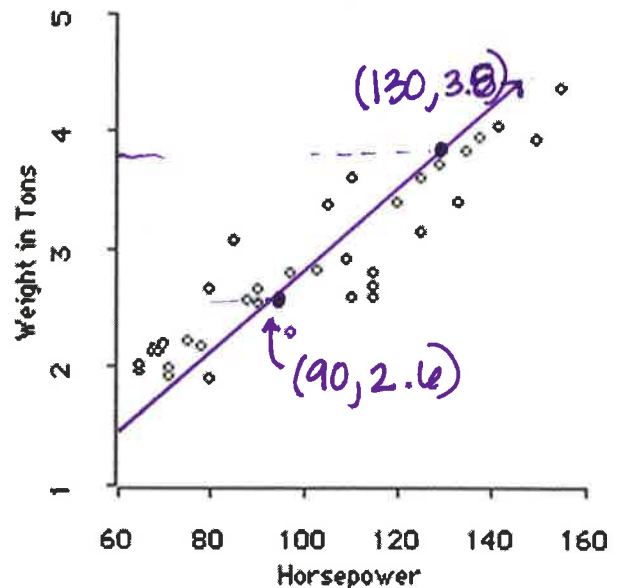
The following graph is based on a survey of car engines. The graph relates the horsepower of a car's engine to the weight (in tons) of the engine.

- 1) Draw a trend line for the data
- 2) Identify 2 coordinate points on or near the trend line and write a linear equation

$$(130, 3.8) \text{ \& } (90, 2.6)$$

$$m = \frac{3.8 - 2.6}{130 - 90} = \frac{1.2}{40} = 0.03$$

$$y - 3.8 = 0.03(x - 130)$$



- 3) Describe the type of correlation that the data appears to have.

Positive correlation

- 4) What does the slope of the trend line represent in this scenario?

$m = 0.03$ , as the weight of the car increases, the horsepower increases. For every 1.2 lbs, the car gains 40 horsepower

- 5) Use your trend line to interpolate calculate the weight of a motor with 130 horsepower.

$$y - 3.8 = 0.03(130 - 130) \quad y = 3.8$$
$$y - 3.8 = 0.03(0)$$

3.8 tons

- 6) Use your trend line to extrapolate the weight of a motor with 350 horsepower.

$$y - 3.8 = 0.03(350 - 130)$$
$$y - 3.8 = 6.6 \quad y = 10.4$$

10.4 tons

Describe the type of correlation indicated by each correlation coefficient.

7)  $r = 0.875$

strong positive

8)  $r = -0.976$

strong negative

9)  $r = 0.043$

weak correlation